Schematic of ABS for Māori*

GENETIC RESOURCES

INDIGENOUS RESOURCES AND KNOWLEDGE

IN-SITU
- Found within ecosystems and natural habitats

EX-SITU
- Found in botanical gardens, commercial or university collections

USES

NON-COMMERCIAL
- Taxonomy
- Conservation

COMMERCIAL
- Biotechnology
- Horticulture
- Pharmaceuticals

MĀORI COMMUNITY PROTOCOLS

FPIC Free Prior Informed Consent

TIKANGA

MAT Mutually Agreed Terms

PROVIDERS
- Te Tiriti o Waitangi partnership approach to indigenous flora
- Local level granting processes

USERS
- Researchers
- Universities
- Industries

BENEFITS

EXAMPLES

MONETARY
- Royalty Payments
- Joint Ownership of intellectual property rights

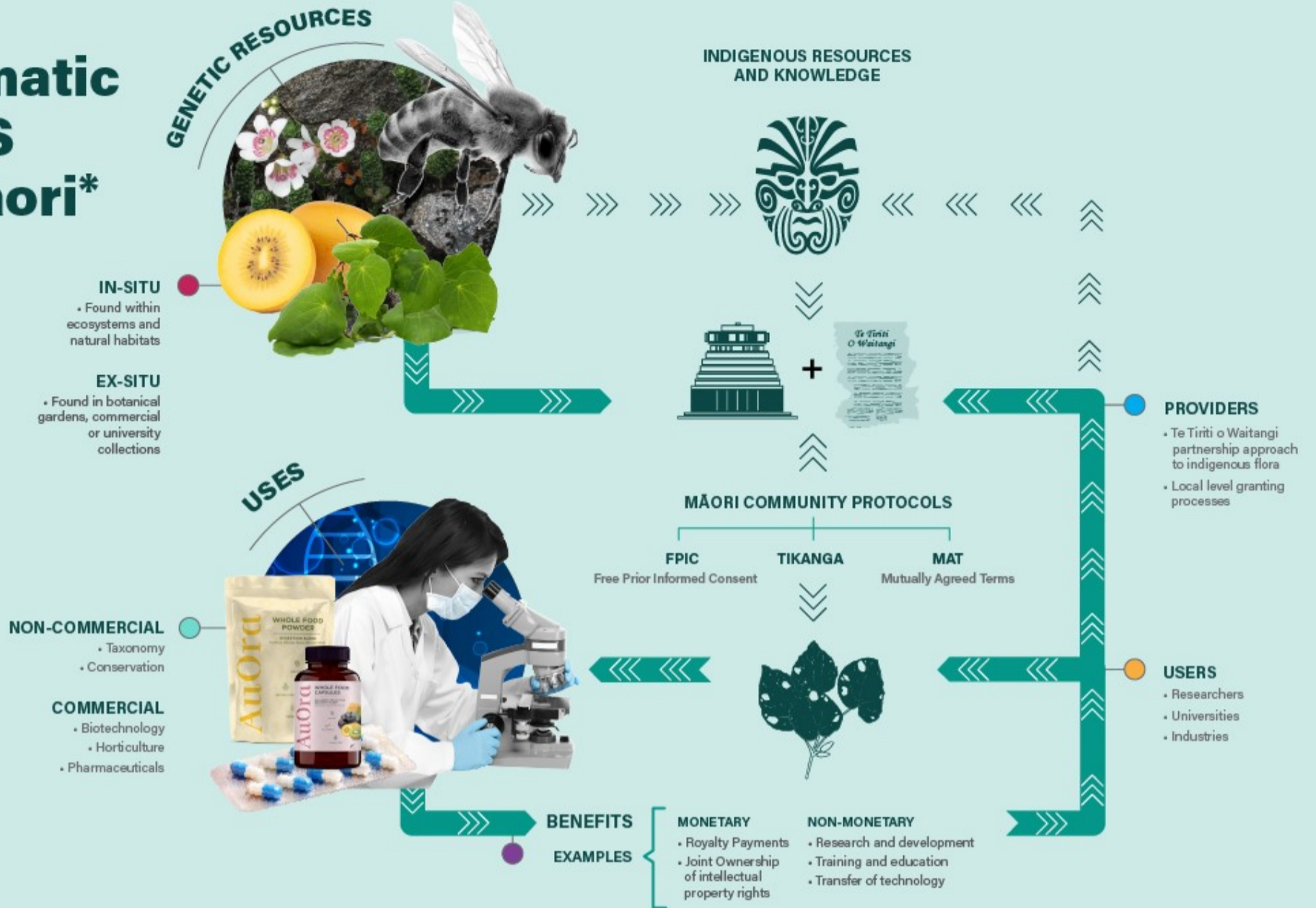**NON-MONETARY**
- Research and development
- Training and education
- Transfer of technology

This infographic represents suggested modifications from Wakatū-convened wānanga to the UN Convention on Biological Diversity schematic on Access and Benefit-Sharing (ABS).

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Wakatū project on Access and Benefit-Sharing [ABS] & Māori Community Protocols

RESEARCH
Review of ABS good practice & Community protocols for indigenous communities

Understanding ABS, the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity, and the Nagoya Protocol

WĀNANGA 1
Introduction to main ABS principles (FPIC, MAT and Benefit-Sharing) and mechanisms of the CBD Nagoya protocol

ACCREDITATION
UN CBD accredited e-learning course 'Introduction to ABS': https://scbd.unssc.org/course/

COURSE WORK
Case Study: Hoodia plant and the San people and accredited e-learning course

WĀNANGA 3
Model Te Ao Māori framework for developing community protocol

COURSE COMPLETION CERTIFICATE

WĀNANGA 2
Principles to inform development of an ABS Māori Community protocol – presentation from global ABS expert

OUTREACH

Indigenous flora and fauna – opportunities for diversified use of Māori land

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